Ti.Pi.Ci. S.a.s. Revision nr. 3 Dated 22/11/2022 Printed on 22/11/2022 Page n. 1/18 Replaced revision:2 (Dated: 14/01/2022)

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: 160597-

Product name HYDROTHANE MLX Matt

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Component "A" for two components water based polyurethane topcoat.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name Ti.Pi.Ci. S.a.s.
Full address Via Val Lerone, 21
District and Country 16011 Arenzano (GE)

Italy

Tel. +39 010 9111368 Fax +39 010 9134188

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet laboris@tipici.net

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to Centro Antiveleni di Bergamo +39800883300 (Azienda Ospedaliera Papa Giovanni XXII -

Bergamo)

Centro Antiveleni di Firenze +39055/7947819 (CAV Ospedale Careggi - Firenze)
Centro Antiveleni di Foggia +39800183459 (Az. Osp. Univ. Foggia - Foggia)
Centro Antiveleni di Milano +3902/66101029 (CAO Ospedale Niguarda Cà Granda -

Milano)

Centro Antiveleni di Napoli +39081/5453333 (CAV Ospedale Cardarelli - Napoli) Centro Antiveleni di Pavia +390382/24444 (CAV IRCCS Fondazione Maugeri - Pavia) Centro Antiveleni di Roma +3906/3054343 (CAV Policlinico Gemelli - Roma) Centro Antiveleni di Roma +3906/68593726 (CAV Osp. Pediatrico Bambino Gesù -

Roma)

Centro Antiveleni di Verona +39800011858 (Azienda Ospedaliera Integrata - Verona)

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category $\boldsymbol{3}$

H412

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Ti.Pi.Ci. S.a.s. Revision nr. 3 Dated 22/11/2022 Printed on 22/11/2022 Page n. 2/18 Replaced revision:2 (Dated: 14/01/2022)

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms: --

Signal words: --

Hazard statements:

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC):

Two - pack performance coatings.

VOC given in g/litre of product in a ready-to-use condition : 136,77 Limit value: 140,00

- Catalysed with : 25,00 % CAT. per HYDROTHANE series

- Thinned with : 15,00 % ACQUA

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

INDEX 603-014-00-0 5 ≤ x < 6 Acute Tox. 3 H331, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315

EC 203-905-0 LD50 Oral: 1200 mg/kg, LC50 Inhalation vapours: 3 mg/l/4h

CAS 111-76-2

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL

ACETATE

INDEX 607-195-00-7 $2,5 \le x < 3$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226

EC 203-603-9 CAS 108-65-6

REACH Reg. 01-2119475791-29

SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROM

Ti.Pi.Ci. S.a.s.	Revision nr. 3
	Dated 22/11/2022
160597 HYDROTHANE MLX Matt	Printed on 22/11/2022
	Page n. 3/18
	Replaced revision:2 (Dated: 14/01/2022)

 $2 \le x < 2.5$ INDEX 649-356-00-4 Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: P EC 265-199-0 CAS 64742-95-6 ZINC OXIDE INDEX 030-013-00-7 $0.4 \le x < 0.5$ Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1 EC 215-222-5 CAS 1314-13-2 REACH Reg. 01-2119463881-32 **ACETONE** INDEX 606-001-00-8 $0.3 \le x < 0.4$ Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066 EC 200-662-2 CAS 67-64-1 **ETHANEDIOL** INDEX 603-027-00-1 $0 \le x < 0.1$ Acute Tox. 4 H302 EC 203-473-3 STA Oral: 500 mg/kg CAS 107-21-1 **AMMONIA** INDEX 007-001-01-2 Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic Acute 1 $0 \le x < 0,1$ H400 M=1, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: EC 215-647-6 STOT SE 3 H335: ≥ 5% CAS 1336-21-6

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Ti.Pi.Ci. S.a.s.	Revision nr. 3
	Dated 22/11/2022
160597 HYDROTHANE MLX Matt	Printed on 22/11/2022
	Page n. 4/18
	Replaced revision:2 (Dated: 14/01/2022)

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Revision nr. 3 Ti.Pi.Ci. S.a.s. Dated 22/11/2022 Printed on 22/11/2022 160597- - HYDROTHANE MLX Matt Page n. 5/18 Replaced revision:2 (Dated: 14/01/2022)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

TLV-ACGIH

DEU Deutschland Technischen Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (TRGS 900) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte.

MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2020, Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher

Arbeitsstoffe, Mitteilung 56

ESP España Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2021 FRA

Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS France

ITA Italia GBR

Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81 EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020) United Kingdom

97

Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive EU. OEL EU

2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.

TLV-ACGIH

20

2-BUTOXYETHANOL **Threshold Limit Value** TWA/8h STEL/15min Remarks / Type Country Observations mg/m3 ppm mg/m3 ppm AGW DEU 49 10 98 (C) 20 (C) SKIN MAK DEU 49 10 98 20 SKIN Hinweis 20 245 50 SKIN VLA ESP 98 VLEP FRA 49 10 246 50 SKIN VLEP ITA SKIN 98 20 246 50 123 25 WEL GBR 246 50 SKIN OEL EU 98 20 246 50 SKIN

2-METHOXY-1-MET	THYLETHYL ACETAT	E					
Threshold Limit Va	alue						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h	TWA/8h STEL/1			Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
AGW	DEU	270	50	270	50		
MAK	DEU	270	50	270	50		
VLA	ESP	275	50	550	100	SKIN	
VLEP	FRA	275	50	550	100	SKIN	
VLEP	ITA	275	50	550	100	SKIN	
WEL	GBR	274	50	548	100	SKIN	
OEL	EU	275	50	550	100	SKIN	

ZINC OXIDE Threshold Limit Value							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks /	
						Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
MAK	DEU	2		4		INHAL	

Ti.Pi.Ci. S.a.s. Revision nr. 3 Dated 22/11/2022 Printed on 22/11/2022 Page n. 6/18 Replaced revision:2 (Dated: 14/01/2022)

MAK	DEU	0,1	0,4	RESP	
VLA	ESP	2	10		
VLEP	FRA	5			
TLV-ACGIH		2	10	RESP	_

ACETONE						
Threshold Limit Value						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
AGW	DEU	1200	500	2400 (C)	1000 (C)	
MAK	DEU	1200	500	2400	1000	
VLA	ESP	1210	500			
VLEP	FRA	1210	500	2420	1000	
VLEP	ITA	1210	500			
WEL	GBR	1210	500	3620	1500	
OEL	EU	1210	500			
TLV-ACGIH			250		500	

ETHANEDIOL								
Threshold Limit Value								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h	STEL/15min		1	Remarks / Observations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
AGW	DEU	26	10	52	20	SKIN		
MAK	DEU	26	10	52	20	SKIN		
VLA	ESP	52	20	104	40	SKIN		
VLEP	FRA	52	20	104	40	SKIN		
VLEP	ITA	52	20	104	40	SKIN		
WEL	GBR	52	20	104	40	SKIN		
OEL	EU	52	20	104	40	SKIN		
TLV-ACGIH			25		50			
TLV-ACGIH				10		INHAL		

AMMONIA Threshold Limit Value						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
OEL	EU	14	20	36	50	

Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired

Ti.Pi.Ci. S.a.s.	Revision nr. 3
	Dated 22/11/2022
160597 HYDROTHANE MLX Matt	Printed on 22/11/2022
	Page n. 7/18
	Replaced revision:2 (Dated: 14/01/2022)

through effective local aspiration.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	viscous liquid	
Colour	metallizzato	
Odour	aromatic	
Odour threshold	non disponibile	
Melting point / freezing point	not available	
Initial boiling point	0 °C	
Flammability	not determined	
Lower explosive limit	not available	
Upper explosive limit	not available	
Flash point	> 65 °C	
Auto-ignition temperature	not available	
Decomposition temperature	non disponibile °C	
pH	7	
Kinematic viscosity	not available	
Dynamic viscosity	non determinato	
Solubility	miscible with water	

Ti.Pi.Ci. S.a.s.

160597- - HYDROTHANE MLX Matt

Revision nr. 3

Dated 22/11/2022

Printed on 22/11/2022

Page n. 8/18

Replaced revision:2 (Dated: 14/01/2022)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water non disponibile
Vapour pressure not available
Density and/or relative density 1,15 (+-) 0,050
Relative vapour density non disponibile
Particle characteristics not applicable

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Evaporation rate non disponibile

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) : 12,50 % - 143,74 g/litre
VOC (volatile carbon) 7,58 % - 87,12 g/litre

Explosive properties not available
Oxidising properties not available

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Decomposes under the effect of heat.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

With the air it may slowly develop peroxides that explode with an increase in temperature.

ACETONE

Decomposes under the effect of heat.

ETHANEDIOL

In the air absorbs moisture. Decomposes at temperatures above 200°C/392°F.

AMMONIA

Corrodes: aluminium,iron,zinc,copper,copper alloys.

10.2. Chemical stability

Ti.Pi.Ci. S.a.s.	Revision nr. 3
	Dated 22/11/2022
160597 HYDROTHANE MLX Matt	Printed on 22/11/2022
	Page n. 9/18
	Replaced revision:2 (Dated: 14/01/2022)

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

May react dangerously with: aluminium, oxidising agents. Forms peroxides with: air.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

May react violently with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

ACETONE

Risk of explosion on contact with: bromine trifluoride,fluorine dioxide,hydrogen peroxide,nitrosyl chloride,2-methyl-1,3 butadiene,nitromethane,nitrosyl perchlorate. May react dangerously with: potassium tert-butoxide,alkaline hydroxides,bromine,bromoform,isoprene,sodium,sulphur dioxide,chromium trioxide,chromyl chloride,nitric acid,chloroform,peroxymonosulphuric acid,phosphoryl oxychloride,chromosulphuric acid,fluorine,strong oxidising agents,strong reducing agents. Develops flammable gas on contact with: nitrosyl perchlorate.

ETHANEDIOL

Risk of explosion on contact with: perchloric acid.May react dangerously with: chlorosulphuric acid,sodium hydroxide,sulphuric acid,phosphorus pentasulphide,chromium (III) oxide,chromyl chloride,potassium perchlorate,potassium dichromate,sodium peroxide,aluminium.Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

AMMONIA

Risk of explosion on contact with: strong acids,iodine.May react dangerously with: strong bases.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat,naked flames.

ACETONE

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat,naked flames.

ETHANEDIOL

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat,naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

ACETONE

Ti.Pi.Ci. S.a.s.	Revision nr. 3
	Dated 22/11/2022
160597 HYDROTHANE MLX Matt	Printed on 22/11/2022
	Page n. 10/18
	Replaced revision:2 (Dated: 14/01/2022)

Incompatible with: acids,oxidising substances.

AMMONIA

Incompatible with: silver, silver salts, lead, lead salts, zinc, zinc salts, hydrochloric acid, nitric acid, oleum, halogens, acrolein, nitromethane, acrylic acid.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

May develop: hydrogen.

ACETONE

May develop: ketenes,irritant substances.

ETHANEDIOL

May develop: hydroxyacetaldehyde,glyoxal,acetaldehyde,methane,carbon monoxide,hydrogen.

AMMONIA

May develop: nitric oxide.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product.

Information on likely routes of exposure

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

ETHANEDIOL

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: inhalation of ambient air; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

Ti.Pi.Ci. S.a.s.	Revision nr. 3
	Dated 22/11/2022
160597 HYDROTHANE MLX Matt	Printed on 22/11/2022
	Page n. 11/18
	Replaced revision:2 (Dated: 14/01/2022)

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eye irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported (INCR, 2010).

ETHANEDIOL

Ingestion initially stimulates the central nervous system; later replaced by a phase of depression. There may be kidney damage, with anuria and uremia. Over-exposure symptoms are: vomiting, drowsiness, difficulty in breathing, convulsions. The lethal dose for humans is approx. 1.4 ml/kg.

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: > 20 mg/l
ATE (Oral) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg

ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

LD50 (Oral): 1200 mg/kg Guinea pig

LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 3 mg/l/4h Rat

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

LD50 (Dermal): > 5000 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Oral): 8530 mg/kg Rat

ETHANEDIOL

LD50 (Dermal): 9530 mg/kg Rabbit LD50 (Oral): 9530 mg/kg Rat

AMMONIA

LD50 (Oral): 350 mg/kg Rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Ti.Pi.Ci. S.a.s.	Revision nr. 3
	Dated 22/11/2022
160597 HYDROTHANE MLX Matt	Printed on 22/11/2022
	Page n. 12/18
	Replaced revision:2 (Dated: 14/01/2022)
Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class	
RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION	
Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class	
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY	
Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class	
CARCINOGENICITY	
Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class	
ETHANEDIOL Available studies have shown no carcinogenic potential. In a carcinogenicity study lasting two years, carried out by t	he LIS National Toxicology Program
(NTP), in which ethylene glycol was administered in the feed, "no evidence of carcinogenic activity" in male and f	emale B6C3F1 mice was observed
(NTP, 1993).	
REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY	
Does not most the electrical evitoric for this beyond electric	
Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class	
STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE	
Door not most the classification suitaris for this beyond class	
Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class	
STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE	
Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class	
DOGS NOT THE CHASSIFICATION CHIENA FOR THIS HIS ASS	
ASPIRATION HAZARD	
Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class	
DOGS NOT THE CHASSIFICATION ONERIA FOR THIS HIDZARD CHASS	

Ti.Pi.Ci. S.a.s. Revision nr. 3 Dated 22/11/2022 Printed on 22/11/2022 Page n. 13/18 Replaced revision:2 (Dated: 14/01/2022)

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment. 12.1. Toxicity

AMMONIA

LC50 - for Fish 47 mg/l/96h Channa punctata EC50 - for Crustacea 20 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

ZINC OXIDE

LC50 - for Fish 1,1 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss EC50 - for Crustacea 1,7 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 0,14 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

Chronic NOEC for Fish 0,53 mg/l
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants 0,024 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

AMMONIA

Degradability: information not available

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable 2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable ETHANEDIOL

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable ACETONE

Rapidly degradable

SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM),

LIGHT AROM Rapidly degradable ZINC OXIDE

Solubility in water 2,9 mg/l

NOT rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 1,2

Ti.Pi.Ci. S.a.s.	Revision nr. 3
	Dated 22/11/2022
160597 HYDROTHANE MLX Matt	Printed on 22/11/2022
	Page n. 14/18
	Replaced revision:2 (Dated: 14/01/2022)

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,81

ETHANEDIOL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -1,36

ACETONE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -0,23 BCF 3

ZINC OXIDE

BCF > 175

12.4. Mobility in soil

SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM),

LIGHT AROM

Partition coefficient: soil/water 1,78

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

14.1. UN number or ID number

Ti.Pi.Ci. S.a.s.	Revision nr. 3
	Dated 22/11/2022
160597 HYDROTHANE MLX Matt	Printed on 22/11/2022
	Page n. 15/18 Replaced revision:2 (Dated: 14/01/2022)
	(
not applicable	
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
not applicable	
44.2 Transport hazard class(cs)	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
not applicable	
14.4. Packing group	
not applicable	
14.5. Environmental hazards	
not applicable	
not approade	
44.C. Crassial massautions for user	
14.6. Special precautions for user	
not applicable	
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	
Information not relevant	
SECTION 15. Regulatory information	
SECTION 13. Regulatory information	
15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture	
Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: None	
Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006	
Product Point 3 - 40	
1 5011	

Ti.Pi.Ci. S.a.s.	Revision nr. 3
	Dated 22/11/2022
160597 HYDROTHANE MLX Matt	Printed on 22/11/2022
	Page n. 16/18
	Replaced revision:2 (Dated: 14/01/2022)

Contained substance

Point 75

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Information not available

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC):

Two - pack performance coatings.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2 Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3
Acute Tox. 3 Acute toxicity, category 3
Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4
Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1

Ti.Pi.Ci. S.a.s.

160597- - HYDROTHANE MLX Matt

Revision nr. 3

Dated 22/11/2022

Printed on 22/11/2022

Page n. 17/18

Replaced revision:2 (Dated: 14/01/2022)

Skin Corr. 1B Skin corrosion, category 1B

Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2

Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Aquatic Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1

Aquatic Chronic 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1

Aquatic Chronic 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

Revision nr. 3 Ti.Pi.Ci. S.a.s. Dated 22/11/2022 Printed on 22/11/2022 160597- - HYDROTHANE MLX Matt Page n. 18/18 Replaced revision:2 (Dated: 14/01/2022)

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EÚ) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP) 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

02 / 03 / 08 / 09 / 11 / 12 / 15 / 16.